

Studbook breeding programme

Hyla savignyi

(Yellow-lemon tree frog, savignyi tree frog)



Photo by Jan Seveik (www.naturfoto.cz)

Annual report 2014

Bert Broers, studbook keeper



European
Studbook
Foundation

KvK. Nr. 41136106

www.studbooks.eu

www.facebook.com/EuropeanStudbookFoundation

Contents:

1. Introduction 2014
2. Studbook population
3. Locations
4. Breeding
5. Imports
6. Deaths
7. Transfers

1. Introduction

In 2014 there were some big changes at the studbook. Location B, that started with new homebred frogs, whose ancestors were coming from Polis in Cyprus, has lost all of it's frogs. For the studbook this was very bad news, because it was this location that should take care for some fresh blood, what we needed, because this was only the second time since 1994 frogs from other bloodlines where introduced. There were not much breeding in 2014, so it's the second bad year in a row. There is some good news as well: there is a new member, who keeps 6 frogs. Half of them are from Location D, but there also are some frogs from another bloodline coming from Cyprus. In 2014 they did spawn and at this time there are about 50 froglets coming from both bloodlines. This location will be called location G.

2. Studbook population

At December 31th 2013 the studbook contained 40 living animals. In 2014 there where about 150 frogs bred. When all surplus animals are placed by new owners outside the studbook, there will be 44 frogs left. which are 4 frogs more than on December 31th 2013.

3. Locations

At December 31th 2013 there are 5 locations where animals are kept.

Location F started last year with 12 frogs, coming from location A. Unfortunately 10 of them died. If there is enough offspring in 2014, new frogs will be transferred from location A to location F. Location B started all over with new frogs in 2013, but two of them died en the others didn't breed at all.

4. Breeding

In 2014 again there are eggs laid; at only two locations.

5. Imports

There were no imports of hyla savignyi.

6. Deaths.

In 2014 there were 11 deaths.

7. Transfers:

There were no transfers.

More information about the locations:

Location A:

At the end of 2013 group A contained 22 frogs. This year the eggs hatched good and the larvae grew good. But foglets died in great number. At the end there where 120 froglets left. 90 of them are still at location A, where 10 are submitted to the population. The other 80 will be placed out of the

studbook. Six frogs from the population died. At this moment the location contains 26 frogs.

Location B:

Location B had 8 frogs at the end of 2013. Unfortunately they all died in 2014. So at the end of 2014 there were no frogs left, what was very disappointing, while the frogs of location B are not related to other frogs. Location B is now closed down. .

Location C:

This location is closed down at the end of 2012.

Location D:

At the end of 2014 there were no eggs hatched, but there were no death either. Now there are 6 frogs on location D.

Location E.

Location E contents two males.

Location F.

Location F started ad November 2012 with 12 frogs. In 2013 10 of them died. At the end of 2013 there were 2 frogs left.
